

Motion Project

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0.1 The minute hand on a clock of with a length hand of 3cm:

1. 60 seconds
2. 60 seconds
3. 60 seconds
4. 60 seconds
5. 60 seconds

The distance the tip of the minute hand travels can be calculated with $d = r\theta$ where $\theta = \pi/30$ and $r = 3\text{ cm}$, therefore $d = \pi/10\text{ cm}$. The speed of the tip of the minute hand can be calculated with $s = d/t$ where $t = 60\text{ sec}$ and $d = \pi/30\text{ cm}$, so therefore $s = \pi/1800\text{ cm/sec}$, or less than $.001\text{ cm/sec}$.

0.2 The second hand on the same clock is 4cm:

1. 1 second
2. 1 second
3. 1 second
4. 1 second
5. 1 second

The distance the tip of the second hand travels can be calculated with $d = r\theta$ where $\theta = \pi/30$ and $r = 4\text{ cm}$, therefore $d = 2\pi/15\text{ cm}$. The speed of the tip of the second hand can be calculated with $s = d/t$ where $t = 1\text{ sec}$ and $d = 2\pi/15\text{ cm}$, therefore $s = 2\pi/15\text{ cm/sec}$, or approximately $.42\text{ cm/sec}$.

0.3 Treaded vehicle moving away from sensor for five seconds:

Calculated with logger pro.

1. 91 centimetres
2. 88 centimetres
3. 92 centimetres
4. 89 centimetres
5. 89 centimetres

The average speed of the vehicle can be calculated with

$$s = \frac{\frac{d_1+d_2+\dots+d_5}{5}}{5\text{ sec}}$$

where $d_1 \dots d_5 = \{91\text{ cm}, 88\text{ cm}, 92\text{ cm}, 89\text{ cm}, 89\text{ cm}\}$. Therefore, $s = 18\text{ cm/sec}$.

0.4 Pencil rolling down a 50cm plane at 10°

Timed with a stopwatch.

1. 2.62 seconds
2. 2.35 seconds
3. 2.35 seconds
4. 2.37 seconds
5. 2.52 seconds

The average speed of the pencil can be calculated with

$$s = \frac{50 \text{ cm}}{\frac{t_1+t_2+\dots+t_5}{5}}$$

where $t_1 \dots t_5 = \{2.62 \text{ sec}, 2.35 \text{ sec}, 2.35 \text{ sec}, 2.37 \text{ sec}, 2.52 \text{ sec}\}$. Therefore, $s = 20 \text{ cm/sec}$.

0.5 Softball thrown 600cm

Timed with a stopwatch.

1. .38 seconds
2. .37 seconds
3. .34 seconds
4. .41 seconds
5. .40 seconds

The average speed of the softball can be calculated with

$$s = \frac{600 \text{ cm}}{\frac{t_1+t_2+\dots+t_5}{5}}$$

where $t_1 \dots t_5 = \{.38 \text{ sec}, .37 \text{ sec}, .34 \text{ sec}, .41 \text{ sec}, .40 \text{ sec}\}$. Therefore, $s = 1600 \text{ cm/sec}$.

0.6 Frisbee thrown 500cm

Timed with a stopwatch.

1. .48 seconds
2. .47 seconds
3. .52 seconds
4. .44 seconds

5. .47 seconds

The average speed of the frisbee can be calculated with

$$s = \frac{500 \text{ cm}}{\frac{t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_5}{5}}$$

where $t_1 \dots t_5 = \{.48 \text{ sec}, .37 \text{ sec}, .52 \text{ sec}, .44 \text{ sec}, .47 \text{ sec}\}$. Therefore, $s = 1050 \text{ cm/sec}$.